

Acetylcholinesterase (14J13) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog# UZ-MA00255

Product information

产品货号	UZ-MA00255
别名	YT; ACEE; ARACHE; N-ACHE
产品名称	Acetylcholinesterase (14J13) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
类别	抗体产品
推荐应用	WB,IP
反应种属	Human,Mouse,Rat
存储缓冲液	Supplied in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% New type preservative N and 0.05% BSA.
免疫原	Recombinant protein of human Acetylcholinesterase
稀释度	WB 1:1000, IP 1:20-1:50
参考分子量	68kDa
预测分子量	68kDa
运输及保存条件	-20°C/1 year
宿主	Rabbit
同种型	IgG
背景介绍	Acetylcholinesterase hydrolyzes the neurotransmitter, acetylcholine at neuromuscular junctions and brain cholinergic synapses, and thus terminates signal transmission. It is also found on the red blood cell membranes, where it constitutes the Yt blood group antigen. Acetylcholinesterase exists in multiple molecular forms which possess similar catalytic properties, but differ in their oligomeric assembly and mode of cell attachment to the cell surface. It is encoded by the single AChE gene, and the structural diversity in the gene products arises from alternative mRNA splicing, and post-translational associations of catalytic and structural subunits. The major form of acetylcholinesterase found in brain, muscle and other tissues is the hydrophilic species, which forms disulfide-linked oligomers with collagenous, or lipid-containing structural subunits. The other, alternatively spliced form, expressed primarily in the erythroid tissues, differs at the C-terminal end, and contains a cleavable hydrophobic peptide with a GPI-anchor site. It associates with the membranes through the phosphoinositide (PI) moieties added post-translationally. AChE activity may constitute a sensitive biomarker of RBC ageing in vivo, and thus, may be of aid in understanding the effects of transfusion[provided by RefSeq, Sep 2019]
纯化	Affinity Purification
Uniprot ID	P22303,P21836,P37136
Clonality	Monoclonal